UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

CRAIG WRIGHT,

Petitioner,

V.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Respondent.

Criminal Case No. 12-cr-4868 DMS Civil Case No. 16-cv-1586 DMS

ORDER DENYING MOTION FOR CERTIFICATE OF APPEALABILITY

On June 21, 2016, Petitioner Craig Wright filed a Motion to Vacate, Set Aside, or Correct Sentence Under 28 U.S.C. § 2255, challenging his sentence in light of the recent Supreme Court decision in *Johnson v. United States*, 135 S. Ct. 2551 (2015). On March 1, 2017, this Court issued an order denying Petitioner's motion. The Court held voluntary manslaughter, in violation of Cal. Penal Code § 192(a), remains a crime of violence under U.S.S.G. § 4B1.2(a) because Application Note 1 of the commentary to § 4B1.2 expressly states crime of violence includes manslaughter. On March 2, 2017, Petitioner filed a Motion for Certificate of Appealability, contending "reasonable jurist" would find debatable whether *Johnson* entitles Petitioner to relief under § 2255.

A certificate of appealability is authorized "if the applicant has made a substantial showing of the denial of a constitutional right." 28 U.S.C. § 2253(c)(2).

"A petitioner satisfies this standard by demonstrating that jurists of reason could disagree with the district court's resolution of his constitutional claims or that jurists could conclude the issues presented are adequate to deserve encouragement to proceed further." *Miller-El v. Cockrell*, 537 U.S. 322, 327 (2003); *see also Slack v. McDaniel*, 529 U.S. 473, 484 (2000).

Petitioner has not demonstrated that reasonable jurists could find debatable this Court's denial of Petitioner's motion. On March 6, 2017, the United States Supreme Court issued a decision in *Beckles v. United States*, No. 15-8544, 2017 WL 855781, at *9 (U.S. Mar. 6, 2017), holding "that the advisory Sentencing Guidelines are not subject to a vagueness challenge under the Due Process Clause and that § 4B1.2(a)'s residual clause is not void for vagueness." Therefore, *Johnson* does not apply to the Career Offender Guidelines, and voluntary manslaughter remains a crime of violence under § 4B1.2. Accordingly, Petitioner's motion for a certificate of appealability is denied.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: March 7, 2017

Hon. Dana M. Sabraw United States District Judge

-2- 12-cr-4868